

The Friends of Ruaha Society

FORS is a registered charity based in Iringa, Tanzania near Ruaha National Park. FORS was started in 1984 to assist with the task of safeguarding the wildlife and environment of the park. In recent years, FORS has expanded its work and focuses on environmental education in the communities that border Ruaha. These communities are now part of the new Lunda Mkwambi Wildlife Management Area (WMA), giving local people the opportunity to benefit from their wildlife and also making them an increasingly important part of the conservation equation. FORS strives to conserve the Ruaha ecosystem by increasing environmental awareness in the communities that border Ruaha National Park, thereby ensuring that local people understand the balance between themselves, wildlife and the environment.

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FORS & NEEMA CRAFTS BRING SODIS TO PAWAGA

(By Alexander Klose)

Solar Disinfection of Water, cese of Ruaha, have introor SODIS, is a simple solution to duced SODIS to dozens a widespread problem: unclean of villages in the Iringa drinking water. Developed by a Region. Swiss research group in 1991, the SODIS method is as follows: put a plastic bottles collected at bottle of water outside on a piece Neema Crafts, and acof black painted metal, and after companied by Pastor six hours in direct sun, the UV Kwanga, FORS introrays and heat kill all the harmful duced SODIS to all Musa Kwanga demonstrating SODIS at Isele bacteria, making it safe to drink.

years now. Andy and his experi- and FORS. enced SODIS trainer, Pastor



Musa Kwanga of the Dio-

Using hundreds of

Pawaga schools at our Andy and Susie Hart, foun- participatory methods workshops and all schools have corrugated Iringa, have been using SODIS at know about SODIS, and they teachers can put their bottles. home and at Neema Crafts for 5 were grateful to Pastor Kwanga

> Primary School, told us the work- start using SODIS at the school. shop was right on time because During our follow-up visits of the Kimande teachers and parents Wildlife module in Pawaga, we had just concluded that it would found that three schools had albe impossible to boil water for ready painted their roofs black their 500 students. SODIS is an and started using SODIS - only a excellent solution for FORS month after the workshop! Thanks schools because in addition to the to Andy Hart, Neema Crafts and need for clean drinking water in Pastor Kwanga for contributing Idodi and Pawaga, the climate is your knowledge and expertise on perfectly suited for SODIS use, SODIS.



ders of Neema Crafts workshop in in October. Many teachers didn't metal roofs where students and

At the end of each workshop, one teacher from every school Judith, a teacher at Kimande was given 30 bottles in order to

Remember to shake the bottle!

nurseries.

site of the workshop.

(By Magreth Fadhili)

FORS hired two experts

In cooperation with the to learn different things during malenga Head Teacher.

Tanzania Tree Seed Agency the workshop and thanked grafting workshop on Novem- special opportunity of learning their newly received knowl-Kitanewa and Kitisi Primary - not only for the benefit of address poverty and as an alplanting and maintaining tree be able to transfer the knowl- how they can produce quality edge to their home.

GRAFTING WORKSHOP

"We would like to thank from TTSA, facilitator Mr. FORS for organizing this Shellimoh and technical assis- workshop, for sure this traintant Mr. Nyambo, to conduct ing came right on time; this the workshop in two sessions. knowledge can help improve The first session was about our lives in different ways. We preparing nursery beds and have learned a lot today and different types of grafting, and we are hereby promising you the second session was a graft- that next year we will raise ing lesson conducted in the even more tree seedlings and Tungamalenga school nursery, we would like to transfer the knowledge of grafting to our

Teachers were very eager students." -Mr. Elia, Tunga-

Finally Mr. Shellimoh (TTSA), FORS arranged a FORS for giving them this encouraged teachers to use ber 8th for Tungamalenga, new technology about grafting edge about grafting as a tool to Schools as a reward to these their schools but also for their ternative way to earn income. schools for their great work in own future, because they will He gave different examples of fruits and vegetables.



Teachers practicing grafting

FORS is Blogging!

Participatory Methods Workshops

(By Anette Kyvik)

In late October FORS conducted participatory methods workshops for all 13 Pawaga schools, hosted at four different centers: Isele, Itunundu, Mkombilenga and Magozi. The main goals were to model participatory teaching and learning methods and effective use of the FORS teacher's manual, which includes original, interactive lesson plans for Standard I to Standard VI.

The Tanzanian government is increasingly encouraging the use of participatory methods in teaching and learning, but few teachers have the knowledge needed to implement this mandate. In addition to a lack of familiarity with these methods, teachers struggle with class sizes success, with all teachers, local of 70-120 students, making it very education officers and FORS difficult for them to implement staff participating eagerly in new practices without support. every activity. We started the This is why we decided to con-workshops with an interactive duct these workshops: to provide and fun pairs introduction, be-Pawaga teachers with the neces- fore we all literally got our hands sary guidance to use the FORS dirty in learning about different teacher's manual effectively and types of soil. Other techniques incorporate participatory teaching modeled were games, a debate, and learning into their classroom concept maps, a future wheel routines.





Hands-on learning about soil

The workshops were a big and different energizers.

Thanks to a great suggestion from Tanya Trevor Saunders of the African Environmental Film Foundation, FORS has now created a blog with Wildlife Direct, a website for environmental organizations from all over the world. On our blog we will write weekly updates and post pictures of our work, so it will be a great way to stay informed about what we're up to in the office and in the field. We encourage all of you to read our posts and we welcome your comments and guestions.

Wildlife Direct is also an online donation website, so when you go to our blog you will be able to donate to specific FORS projects and activities. We have yet to secure funding for several important 2009 activities so we would appreciate help from all our members and partners to spread the word about our blog and help us do some fundraising.

Stay informed about FORS' work and donate online by visiting our new blog: http://friendsofruaha.wildlifedirect.org

FORS met with two experienced teachers before the work- ters, the workshops were also a shops to plan the agenda to- great opportunity for teachers gether, and during the work- from different schools to exshops, FORS staff and these change ideas and knowledge. teachers acted as joint facilita- The teachers asked FORS to tors. Thank you to Mr. Pascal conduct this kind of workshop at Mgelekele (Head Teacher at least three times per year be-Kisanga Primary School) and cause they recognize the effec-Mr. Bellington Mhango (Head tiveness of participatory teach-Teacher at Isele Primary ing and learning and are eager School) for your expertise and to continue using these methods assistance!

Hosted at 4 different cenin their classrooms.

Wildlife and Weather Follow-up Visits

(By Magreth Fadhili)

FORS staff conduct follow-up (often receiving help visits at all 24 schools after from eager classmates) completion of each EE module and were then asked to in order to evaluate student throw the balloons up in learning and teacher progress. the air. By observing the In years past, students in Stan- flight of the balloons dards I-III were given ques- and asking the right tionnaires just like the older questions, we were able to students, but this year, for the see how much the children up, we brought pictures of Weather and Wildlife mod- knew about air and wind. ules, we used games as a way to have fun while learning.

up, we brought dozens of bal- mixture of different gasses." while the other acted out the loons with us and took the Students at all schools loved animals' behavior, eliciting younger students outside to the game, and laughed with smiles and laughter from all learn about wind.

A few students from each standard were to As most of you know, blow up the balloons

balloons in the wind.



Using balloons to learn about wind

For the Wildlife followdifferent wild animals and For example, we were used the riddles from the pleased when a Mafuluto FORS teacher's manual. One For the Weather follow- student told us that air is "a of us read the riddles aloud delight while chasing the the students. The lesson from these follow-ups is clear:

participatory methods are a great way to get everyone engaged and motivated to learn together.







Wildlife water utilization and importance of artificial waterholes during dry season at Ruaha National Park, Tanzania

A Summary by A.M. Epaphras et al, Ruaha National Park, TANAPA, P.O Box 369, Iringa. Email: epaphrasa@yahoo.com

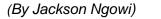
wildlife and the provision of freshwater bivalve beds in water to wildlife in most pro- the GRR have been decitected areas of Tanzania has mated and the population of traditionally been left for the nature take its own course; (Syncerus caffer) decreased life during dry season is cruanimals get their water from by 42% along lower 92 km cial so as to alleviate water surface flows wherever they of the lower GRR shortage problem encouncan find it (Douglas- (Coppolillo et al. 2004). tered. Hamilton 1973)

of surface water within some dile numbers increased by provide an alternative source protected areas such as the 25.40%, which was probably of water to wildlife and Ruaha National park has due to ease of predation on hence prevent it from being been modified by human animals forced to come to forced by the lack of water to activities outside the pro- drink at fixed water holes; migrate into unprotected artected areas. Since the mid Hippo numbers decreased by eas with high risk of poach-1990s this has led to the for- 7.71% (unpublished data). merly perennial Great Ruaha River (GRR) ceasing to flow during the dry season

(SMUWC 2002; Mtahiko et al. 2006).

The man- made drying out of the GRR led to a degradation of the natural wildlife ecosystem in the RNP, for both aquatic and land Water is essential for flora and fauna. Fish and African Buffalo Yearly animal counts in The natural availability 2004–2007 reveal that croco- waterhole inside the park did





After months of filming and countless hours of editing, a seven-minute video showcasing FORS' work is now completed! Thanks to Anette's

great work of filming in the field this year, she and Alexander have put together a video featuring all aspects of the FORS EE program: teacher training, active student learning, film shows, safaris and more! This video will help us to make FORS' work better known both in Tanzania and abroad, and we will show the video at presentations, on fundraising trips, and even at next year's environmental film shows in Idodi and Pawaga. When the video is uploaded to YouTube we will post the link on our website, and we will also upload it to our blog on Widlife Direct.

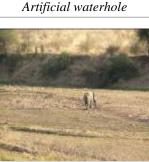


Natural Waterhole

Provision of water to wild-

The water from artificial ing (Herve et al. 2003; Mtahiko et al. 2006). Availability be to restore the natural conof water within their home ditions of a perennial flow in range reduced the long dis- the Great Ruaha River. If tance walking and resulting restoration of permanent wastress to the animals in ter flow in the river is not search for forage. Visual possible in the near future, observations suggest that this then the only solution to prealso minimized intra- and vent an ecosystem collapse is inter- species fights.

Ruaha ecosystem is facili- river bed of the GRR. tated by providing artificial water holes, but the ecosystem is altered and degraded.



Elephant drinking from small waterhole

The best solution would to provide water at artificial The survival of the water holes dug in the sandy

WEBSITE

Check out our recently website updated www.friendsofruaha.org. Thanks, Bruce Fox, for your continued support and work on this website!

Thanks, Chris!

Christina Coppolillo, FORS secretary for the past four years, has moved back to the US with her family to live and work in Montana. Since joining FORS as a committee member in 2004, Chris has been an essential part of the FORS team. An experienced teacher and advocate of participatory methods, she was one of the SADC Regional Environ- this has a tremendous im- plement each other, and main creators of the FORS teacher's manual. She contributed tirelessly to our teacher training, newsletters, fundraising, with Rhodes University. reports and evaluations.

Chris has provided invaluable support to South Africa and to inter- productive to the work I am my gratitude to SADC all of us here at FORS with her optimism, act with a group of people doing in FORS, and it gave and the partners who enthusiasm and consistently great ideas on with different cultures, edu- me more insights and ex- organized the course. how to improve our EE program. Although she can no longer serve as our secretary, she will continue supporting us as a FORS The teachers were good local environmental issues me the great opportunity advisor.

Thank you so much for everything you have done for FORS, Chris.

We wish you and your family all the best in your new life in Montana, and hope you will come to visit us here in Iringa soon, we miss you!!



Chris Coppolillo

Jackson's Reflections on EE Training in South Africa

(By Jackson Ngowi)

From 1st September to and 25th of October 2008 I was mental gramme in collaboration vironment.

highly participatory.

different things, from the methods in an EE procountry and its people to gram. the classes and the course schools,

schools, municipalities, a methodology and learncommunity training center ing support materials On all of these visits I gram. I realized how imamong 14 participants who learned how people are portant it is to make sure attended an environmental able to integrate environ- that the education course in South mental issues in their day- methods and Africa organized by the to-day activities, and how support materials com-Education Pro- pact on protecting the en- that they are selected

In the classroom the the target group. I was so excited to visit course was relevant and cational backgrounds and perience in the EE field. I And of course a big thank professional experiences. learned about global and you to FORS for giving as they stressed how we and risks, responses to to attend this course. are all learners and educa- these risks with a focus on

tors, something that made environmental education, the course interactive and monitoring and evaluation in an organization, and the I was inspired by many importance of participatory

The focus on active content. We had the op- learning was particularly portunity to visit primary interesting as it made me secondary reflect on the teaching

organic farmers. FORS uses in its EE proapproaches. learning according to the needs of

I would like to express



Jackson Ngowi FORS Program Manager

How to contact FORS

Anyone who would like to get in touch with FORS for information or other matters is welcome to contact any of the FORS Team at the postal, email addresses and mobile below:

Email:friendsofruaha@gmail.com

Address: P.O.BOX 692, Iringa Mobile:0756 457 204

Tanzania:

National Bank of Commerce H/O Dar es Salaam NBC IBD SWIFT: NLCBTZTX Iringa Branch Iringa, Tanzania Branch code: 851528 Friends Of Ruaha Society Account No. 028103002483

Overseas: (NEW UK ACCOUNT) The Co-operative Bank PO Box 250 Delf House, Southway, Skelmersdale, WN8 6WT UK Sort Code: 08-92-99 Friends Of Ruaha Society Account No. 65293412

MEMBERSHIP

For renewals or new memberships, please fill out this form and send to:

In Tanzania: Box 692, Iringa Tanzania

Outside Tanzania: Emma Forrester 32 Grove Road, Bladon. Woodstock, Oxfordshire OX20 1RD, UK



Those with an account in Tanzania wishing to continue to subscribe by standing order are requested to fill in the necessary form (each bank has its own) and ask their bank to pay their subscription or make an annual donation on their behalf on 15th January each year without further reference to them. Donations made in this fashion are tax deductible under Tanzanian law.

Membership Form

Membership fees Tanzanian citizen (Tsh) Expatriate (Tsh) Overseas (US \$)	Student/Volunteer 2,000 12,000 24	Individual 10,000 20,000 40	Family 24,000 50,000 100	Corporate 200,000 200,000 400
Overseas(£ Sterling)	15	25	55	225
Name: Membership: [check box]	□ Tanzanian (□ Expatriate □ Overseas	e	rporate	eer